May 15, 1930, ch. 289, 46 Stat. 337. Dec. 20, 1928, ch. 39, 45 Stat. 1031. Mar. 5, 1928, ch. 126, 45 Stat. 165. Jan. 26, 1927, ch. 58, 44 Stat. 1030. Mar. 2, 1926, ch. 43, 44 Stat. 139. Jan. 22, 1925, ch. 87, 43 Stat. 766. Apr. 4, 1924, ch. 84, 43 Stat. 67. Jan. 3, 1923, ch. 22, 42 Stat. 1090. Feb. 17, 1922, ch. 55, 42 Stat. 369. Section 313-1 which was from the

Section 313-1, which was from the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1951, act Sept. 6, 1950, ch. 896, ch. VIII, title I, 64 Stat. 708, related to the control, survey, and disposition of typewriting machines by Administrator of General Services, and was not repeated in subsequent appropriation acts.

Similar provisions were contained in the following prior appropriation act:

June 30, 1949, ch. 286, title I, 63 Stat. 364.

§ 313-2. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Section, which was from the Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government Appropriation Act, 1972, Pub. L. 92–49, title VI, §611, July 9, 1971, 85 Stat. 124, provided that no money appropriated by this or any other Act or any agency of executive branch of Government was to be used during current fiscal year for purchase within continental limits of United States of any typewriting machines, except in accordance with regulations issued pursuant to provisions of Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, and was not repeated in subsequent appropriation acts

Similar provisions were contained in the following prior appropriation acts:

Dec. 17, 1970, Pub. L. 91-556, title I, 84 Stat. 1448. Nov. 26, 1969, Pub. L. 91-126, title I, 83 Stat. 228. Oct. 4, 1968, Pub. L. 90-550, title I, 82 Stat. 944. Nov. 3, 1967, Pub. L. 90-121, title I, 81 Stat. 349. Sept. 6, 1966, Pub. L. 89-555, title I, 80 Stat. 674. Aug. 16, 1965, Pub. L. 89-128, title I, 79 Stat. 531. Aug. 30, 1964, Pub. L. 88-507, title I, 78 Stat. 655. Dec. 19, 1963, Pub. L. 88-215, title I, 77 Stat. 436. Oct. 3, 1962, Pub. L. 87-741, title I, 76 Stat. 727. Aug. 17, 1961, Pub. L. 87-141, title I, 75 Stat. 353. July 12, 1960, Pub. L. 86-626, title I, 74 Stat. 434. Sept. 14, 1959, Pub. L. 86-255, title I, 73 Stat. 507. Aug. 28, 1958, Pub. L. 85-844, title I, 72 Stat. 1069. June 29, 1957, Pub. L. 85-69, title I, 71 Stat. 232. June 27, 1956, ch. 452, title I, 70 Stat. 345. June 30, 1955, ch. 244, title I, 69 Stat. 205. June 24, 1954, ch. 359, title I, 68 Stat. 282. July 31, 1953, ch. 302, title I, 67 Stat. 304. July 5, 1952, ch. 578, title I, 66 Stat. 400. Aug. 31, 1951, ch. 376, title I, 65 Stat. 275.

§313a. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Section, which was from the Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1949, act June 14, 1948, ch. 466, title I, 62 Stat. 415, related to repair and reissue of surplus property, and was not repeated in subsequent appropriation acts.

Similar provisions were contained in the following prior appropriation acts:

July 1, 1947, ch. 186, title I, 61 Stat. 224. July 20, 1946, ch. 588, title I, 60 Stat. 579. Apr. 24, 1945, ch. 92, title I, 59 Stat. 67. Apr. 22, 1944, ch. 175, title I, 58 Stat. 206. June 30, 1943, ch. 179, title I, 58 Stat. 262. Mar. 10, 1942, ch. 178, title I, 56 Stat. 161. Feb. 21, 1942, ch. 108, title I, 56 Stat. 109. May 31, 1941, ch. 156, title I, 55 Stat. 226. Mar. 25, 1940, ch. 71, title I, 54 Stat. 69. May 6, 1939, ch. 115, title I, 53 Stat. 674. Mar. 28, 1938, ch. 55, title I, 52 Stat. 139. May 14, 1937, ch. 180, title I, 50 Stat. 154. June 23, 1936, ch. 725, title I, 49 Stat. 1844. May 14, 1935, ch. 110, 49 Stat. 234.

§314. Sale of war supplies, lands, and buildings

The President is authorized, through the head of any executive department, to sell, upon such terms as the head of such department shall deem expedient, to any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any other department of the Government, or to any foreign State or Government, engaged in war against any Government with which the United States is at war, any war supplies, material and equipment, and any by-products thereof, and any building, plant or factory, acquired since April sixth, nineteen hundred and seventeen, including the lands upon which the plant or factory may be situated, for the production of such war supplies, materials, and equipment which, during the emergency existing July 9, 1918, may have been purchased, acquired, or manufactured by the United States: Provided further, That sales of guns and ammunition made under the authority contained in this section or any other Act shall be limited to sales to other departments of the Government and to foreign States or Governments engaged in war against any Government with which the United States is at war, and to members of the National Rifle Association and of other recognized associations organized in the United States for the encouragement of small-arms target practice.

(July 9, 1918, ch. 143, 40 Stat. 850; Feb. 25, 1919, ch. 39, §3, 40 Stat. 1173; May 29, 1928, ch. 901, §1(8), 45 Stat. 986; Aug. 7, 1946, ch. 770, §1(55), 60 Stat. 870.)

AMENDMENTS

1946—Act Aug. 7, 1946, repealed same provisions, relating to reports to Congress, which were repealed by act May 29, 1928.

1928—Act May 29, 1928, discontinued report required by act July 9, 1918, to be made to Congress of money received by sales of supplies, materials, equipment, or other property purchased, acquired, or manufactured, in the United States in connection with the prosecution of the war.

1919—Act Feb. 25, 1919, repealed following proviso: "Any moneys received by the United States as the proceeds of any such sale shall be deposited to the credit of that appropriation out of which was paid the cost to the Government of the property thus sold, and the same shall immediately become available for the purposes named in the original appropriation."

§§ 314a, 315. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Section 314a, act June 30, 1949, ch. 286, title I, 63 Stat. 363, provided for proceeds of sale of surplus property by Bureau of Federal Supply to be covered into Treasury as miscellaneous receipts. See section 485 of this title.

Section 315, act June 16, 1933, ch. 101, §7, 48 Stat. 305, which authorized President to increase price of services rendered or articles sold by Government upon a finding that charge was less than cost, expired two years after June 16, 1933.

§ 316. Disposition of securities

With respect to any bonds, notes, or other securities acquired on behalf of the United States under the provisions of the Transportation Act of 1920, including, without limitation of the fore-